



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

## Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### BE-301 Engineering Mathematics - III

#### **Unit I**

Functions of complex variables : Analytic functions, Harmonic Conjugate, Cauchy-Riemann Equations, Line Integral, Cauchy's Theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula, Singular Points, Poles & Residues, Residue Theorem, Application of Residues theorem for evaluation of real integrals.

#### **Unit II**

Errors & Approximations, Solution of Algebraic & Trancedental Equations (Regula Falsi Newton-Raphson, Iterative, Secant Method), Solution of simultaneous linear equatins by Gauss Elimination, Gauss Jordan, Crout's methods , Jacobi's and Gauss-Siedel Iterative methods.

#### **Unit III**

Difference Operators, Interpolation ( Newton Forward & Backward Formulae, Central Interpolation Formulae, Lagrange's and divided difference formulae ), Numerical Differentiation and Numerical Integration.

#### **Unit IV**

Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations(Taylor's Series, Picard's Method, Modified Euler's ethod, Runge-Kutta Method, Milne's Predictor & Corrector method), Correlation and Regression, Curve itting (Method of Least Square).

#### **Unit V**

Concept of Probability : Probability Mass function, Probability density function. Discrete Distribution: Binomial, Poisson's, Continuous Distribution: Normal Distribution, Exponential Distribution, Gamma Distribution, Beta Distribution, Testing of Hypothesis l:Students t-test, Fisher's z-test, Chi-Square Method

#### **Reference:**

- (i) Numerical Methods using Matlab by J.H.Mathews and K.D.Fink, P.H.I.
- (ii) Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engg. Computation by MKJain, Iyengar and RK Jain, New Age International Publication
- (iii) Mathematical Methods by KV Suryanarayan Rao, SCITECH Publuication
- (iv) Numerical Methods using Matlab by Yang,Wiley India
- (v) Pobability and Statistics by Ravichandran ,Wiley India
- (vi) Mathematical Statistics by George R., Springer



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

## Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### EX-302 Field Theory

#### **Unit I**

Cartesian, cylindrical & spherical co-ordinate systems, scalar & vector fields, gradient, divergence & curl of a vector field, Divergence theorem & Stokes's theorem, concept of vectors. Electrostatic Fields – Coulomb's law, electric field intensity due to different charge distribution viz. line charge, sheet charge, Field due to continuous volume – electric potential, properties of potential function, potential gradient equipotential surfaces, line of force, Gauss law, applications of Gauss law, Gauss law in point form, method of images.

#### **Unit II**

Laplace's & Poisson's equations, solution of Laplace's equation, Electric dipole, dipole moment, potential & electric field intensity due to dipole, Behavior of conductors in an electric field. Conductor & insulator, electric field inside a dielectric, polarization, Boundary value conditions for electric Field, Capacitance & Capacitances of various types of capacitors, Energy stored and energy density in static electric field, Current density, conduction & convection current density ohms law in point form, equation of continuity.

#### **Unit III**

Static Magnetic Field, Biot-Savart's law, Magnetic Field intensity due to straight current carrying filament, circular, square and solenoidal current carrying wire, Relationship between magnetic flux, flux density & magnetic Field intensity; Ampere's circuital law and its applications, magnetic Field intensity due to infinite sheet and various other configurations, Ampere's circuital law in point form, Magnetic force, moving charge in a magnetic field, Lorentz Force on straight and long current carrying conductors in magnetic field, force between two long & parallel current carrying conductors. Magnetic dipole & dipole moment, a differential current loop as dipole, torque on a current carrying loop in magnetic field, Magnetic Boundary conditions.

#### **Unit IV**

Scalar magnetic potential and its limitations, Vector magnetic potential and its properties, vector magnetic potential due to different simple configurations; Self and Mutual inductances, determination of self & mutual inductances, self inductance of solenoid, toroid coils, mutual inductance between a straight long wire & a square loop. Energy stored in magnetic Field & energy density, Faraday's Law, transformer & motional EMFs, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations as Generalization of circuit equations, Maxwell's equation in free space, Maxwell's

equation for harmonically varying Field, static and steady fields, Maxwell's equations in differential & integral form.

### **Unit V**

**Electro Magnetic Waves :** Uniform plane wave in time domain in free space, Sinusoidally time varying uniform plane wave in free space, Wave equation and solution for material medium, Uniform plane wave in dielectrics and conductors, Pointing Vector theorem, instantaneous, average and complex poynting vector, power loss in a plane conductor, energy storage, Polarization of waves, Reflection by conductors and dielectric – Normal & Oblique incidence, Reflection at surface of a conducting medium, surface impedance, transmission line analogy.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Mathew N.O Sadiku; Elements of Electromagnetic; Oxford.
2. P.V. Gupta; Electromagnetic Fields; Dhanpat Rai.
3. N.N. Rao; Element of Engineering Electromagnetic; PHI.
4. William H. Hayt; Engineering Electromagnetic; TMH.
5. John D. Kraus; Electromagnetic; TMH.
6. Jordan Balmian; Electromagnetic wave & Radiating System; PHI.
7. David K. Cheng; Fields and Wave Electromagnetic; Addison Wesley.
8. S.P. Seth; Electromagnetic Field ;Dhanpat Rai & Sons



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

## Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### EX-303 Electrical & Electronics Measurement And Instrumentation

#### Unit I

##### Measurement and Error

Accuracy and precision, sensitivity resolution, Error & Error analysis, Effect of temperature, Internal friction, Stray field, Hysteresis and Frequency variation & method of minimizing them, Loading effects, due to shunt connected and series connected instruments, calibration curve, Testing & calibration of instruments.

**Galvanometers** – Theory & operation of ballistic galvanometer, D'Arsonal galvanometer, galvanometer motion & damping, Sensitivity, Flux meter, Vibration galvanometer, Spot deflection galvanometer. Definition of analog & digital instruments, Classification of analog instruments, their operating principle, Operating force, Types of supports, Damping, Controlling.

#### Unit II

##### Different types of Ammeter & Voltmeter

PMMC, MI, Electrodynamic, Hotwire, Electrostatic, Induction, Rectifier, Ferro dynamic & Electro-thermic, Expression for control & deflection torque, their advantages, disadvantages & error, Extension of range of instruments using shunt & multiplier.

#### Unit III

##### Instrument Transformers

Potential and current transformers, ratio and phase angle errors, testing of instrument transformers, Difference between CT and PT, errors and reduction of errors.

**Measurement of power:** Power in AC and DC Circuit, Electrodynamic type of wattmeter, Construction, theory, operation & error, Low power factor & UPF wattmeter, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, Measurement of power in three phase circuit, one, two & three wattmeter method, Measurement of reactive power by single wattmeter, Measurement of power using CTs & PTs.

#### Unit IV

##### Measurement of Energy

Single phase induction type energy meter – construction & operation – driving and braking torques – errors & compensations – Testing by phantom loading and using R.S.S. meter- Three phase energy meter – Tri-vector meter – Maximum demand meter, Ampere hour meter.

Potentiometer – DC potentiometer standardization – Lab type Crompton's potentiometer, application of DC potentiometer, AC polar type and coordinate type potentiometer, their construction and applications.

## **Unit V**

### **Miscellaneous Instruments & Measurements**

Power factor meter, Single phase and three phase Electro-dynamometer type & moving iron type.

**Frequency meter** – Vibrating reed, Resonance type & Weston type, Synchronoscope, Ohmmeter – series & stunt type, Multi-meter, Megger & Ratio meter.

**Resistance Measurement** – Classification of low, medium & high resistance – Voltmeter, Ammeter, Wheatstone Bridge, Kelvin's double bridge & loss of charge methods for resistance measurement, Earth resistance measurement.

**Magnetic Measurement** – B-H Curve, Hysteresis Loop determination, Power loss in sheet metal – Lloyd Fischer square for measurement of power loss.

### **Reference Books:**

1. E W Golding & F C Widdis; Electrical Measurement & Measuring Instruments; Wheeler Pub.
2. A.K. Sawhney; Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrument; Dhanpat Rai & Sons Pub.
3. Buckingham & Price; Electrical Measurements; Prentice Hall

### **List of Experiments:**

1. Measurement of low resistance using Kelvin's Double bridge
2. Measurement of medium resistance using Whetstone's bridge
3. Measurement of high resistance by loss of charge method
4. Measurement of Insulation resistance using Megger
5. Measurement of earth resistance by fall of potential method and verification by using earth tester.
6. Measurement of power in a single phase ac circuit by 3 voltmeter/ 3 Ammeter methods.
7. Calibration of a dynamometer type of wattmeter with respect to a standard/Sub Standard wattmeter.
8. Calibration of an induction type single phase energy meter.
9. Calibration of a dynamometer type of wattmeter by Phantom Loading method.
10. Measurements using Instrument Transformers.
11. Study of various types of Indicating Instruments.
12. Measurement of Power in three phase circuit by one, two & three Wattmeter's.



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

## Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### EX-304 Analog Electronics

#### **Unit-I**

Time domain and frequency domain representation of signal, Fourier Transform and its properties, Transform of Gate, Periodic gate, Impulse periodic impulse sine and cosine wave, Concept of energy density and power density (Parseval's theorem), Power density of periodic gate and impulse function, impulse response of a system, convolutions, convolution with impulse function, causal and non causal system impulse response of ideal low pass filter, Correlation & Auto correlation.

#### **Unit-II**

Base band signal, need of modulation, Introduction of modulations techniques, Amplitude modulation, Equation and its frequency domain representation, Bandwidth, Power distribution. AM suppressed carrier waveform equation and frequency domain representation Generation (Balance/Chopper modulator) and synchronous detection technique, errors in synchronous detection, Introduction to SSB and VSB Transmission Angle modulation, Frequency and phase modulation equation and their relative phase and frequency deviations, modulation index frequency spectrum, NBFM and WBFM, Bandwidth comparison of modulation techniques.

#### **Unit-III**

Sampling of signal, sampling theorem for low pass and Band pass signal, Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM), Time division, multiplexing (TDM). Channel Bandwidth for PAM-TDM signal Type of sampling instantaneous, Natural and flat top, Aperture effect, Introduction to pulse position and pulse duration modulations, Digital signal, Quantization, Quantization error, Pulse code modulation, signal to noise ratio, Companding, Data rate and Baud rate, Bit rate, multiplexed PCM signal, Differential PCM (DPCM), Delta Modulation (DM) and Adaptive Delta Modulation (ADM), comparison of various systems.

#### **Unit-IV**

Digital modulations techniques, Generation, detection, equation and Bandwidth of amplitude shift keying (ASK) Binary Phase Shift keying (BPSK), Differential phase shift keying (DPSK), offset and non offset quadrature phase shift keying (QPSK), M-Ary PSK, Binary frequency Shift Keying (BFSK), M-Ary FSK Quadrature Amplitude modulation (QAM), MODEM, Introduction to probability of error.

## **Unit-V**

Information theory and coding- Information, entropies (Marginal and conditional), Model of a communication system, Mathematical representation of source, channel and receiver characteristics, Mutual information, channel capacity efficiency of noise free channel Binary symmetric channel (BSC) Binary erasure channel (BEC), Repetition of signal, NM symmetric Binary channel, Shannon theorem, Shanon-Hartley theorem (S/N-BW trade off)Source encoding code properties; Shanon, Fano and Huffman coding methods and their efficiency error control coding, Minimum Hamming distance, Linear Block Code, Cyclic code and convolution codes. Line Encoding: Manchester coding, RZ, NRZ coding.

### **References:**

1. Singh & Sapre, Communication System, TMH
2. Taub & shilling, Communication System, TMH
3. Hsu; Analog and digital communication(Schaum); TMH
4. B.P. Lathi, Modern Digital and analog communication system,
5. Simon Haykins, Communication System. John Willy
6. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communication system.
7. Martin S. Roden, Analog & Digital Communication System; Discovery Press.
8. Frank R. Dungan, Electronic Communication System, Thomson/Vikas.

### **List of Experiments(Expandable)**

1. Study of sampling process and signal reconstruction and aliasing.
2. Study of PAM PPM and PDM
3. Study of PCM transmitter and receiver.
4. Time division multiplexing (TDM) and De multiplexing
5. Study of ASK PSK and FSK transmitter and receiver.
6. Study of AM modulation and Demodulation techniques (Transmitter and Receiver) Calculate of parameters
7. Study of FM modulation and demodulation (Transmitter and Receiver) & Calculation of Parameters
8. To construct and verify pre emphasis and de-emphasis and plot the wave forms.
9. Study of super hetrodyne receiver and characteristics of ratio radio receiver.
10. To construct frequency multiplier circuit and to observe the waveform
11. Study of AVC and AFC.



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

## Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### EX-305 NETWORK ANALYSIS

#### **Unit I**

Introduction to circuit elements R,L,C and their characteristics in terms of linearity & time dependant nature, voltage & current sources controlled & uncontrolled sources KCL and KVL analysis, Nodal & mesh analysis, analysis of magnetically coupled circuits, Transient analysis :- Transients in RL, RC&RLC Circuits, initial conditions, time constants. Steady state analysis- Concept of phasor & vector, impedance & admittance, Network topology, concept of Network graph, Tree, Tree branch & link, Incidence matrix, cut set and tie set matrices, dual networks, and Dot convention, coupling coefficient, tuned circuits, Series & parallel resonance.

#### **Unit II**

Network Theorems for AC & DC circuits- Thevenin's & Norton's, Superposition's, Reciprocity, Compensation, Substitution, Maximum power transfer, and Millman's theorem, Tellegen's theorem, problems with dependent & independent sources.

#### **Unit III**

Frequency domain analysis – Laplace transform solution of Integro-differential equations, transform of waveform synthesized with step ramp, Gate and sinusoidal functions, Initial & final value theorem, Network Theorems in transform domain.

#### **Unit IV**

Concept of signal spectra, Fourier series co-efficient of a periodic waveform, symmetries as related to Fourier coefficients, Trigonometric & Exponential form of Fourier series.

#### **Unit V**

Network function & Two port networks – concept of complex frequency, Network & Transfer functions for one port & two ports, poles and zeros, Necessary condition for driving point & transfer function. Two port parameters – Z, Y, ABCD, Hybrid parameters, their inverse & image parameters, relationship between parameters, Interconnection of two ports networks, terminated two port networks.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. M.E. Van Valkenburg, Network Analysis, (PHI)
2. F.F.Kuo, Network Analysis.
3. Mittal GK; Network Analysis; Khanna Publisher



4. Mesereau and Jackson; Circuit Analysis- A system Approach; Pearson.
5. Sudhakar & Pillai; Circuit & Networks- Analysis and Synthesis; TMH
6. Hayt W.H. & J.E. Kemmerly; Engineering Circuit Analysis; TMH
7. Decarlo lin; Linear circuit Analysis; Oxford
8. William D Stanley : Network Analysis with Applications, Pearson Education
9. Roy Choudhary D; Network and systems; New Age Pub
10. Charles K. Alexander & Matthew N.O. Sadiku: Electrical Circuits :TMH
11. Chakraborti :Circuit theory: Dhanpat Rai
12. B.Chattopadhyay & P.C.Rakshit; Fundamental of Electrical circuit theory; S Chand
13. Nilson & Riedel , Electric circuits ;Pearson

### **List of Experiments:**

1. To Verify Thevenin's Theorem.
2. To Verify Superposition Theorem.
3. To Verify Reciprocity Theorem.
4. To Verify Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
5. To Verify Millman's Theorem.
6. To Determine Open Circuit parameters of a Two Port Network.
7. To Determine Short Circuit parameters of a Two Port Network.
8. To Determine A,B, C, D parameters of a Two Port Network
9. To Determine h parameters of a Two Port Network
10. To Find Frequency Response of RLC Series Circuit.
11. To Find Frequency Response of RLC parallel Circuit.

**NOTE** - All experiments (wherever applicable) should be performed through the following steps.

**Step 1:** Circuit should be designed/ drafted on paper.

**Step 2:** Where ever applicable the designed/drafted circuit should be simulated using Simulation S/W (TINA-V7/ PSPICE/ Lab view/ CIRCUIT MAKER etc.).

**Step 3:** The designed/drafted circuit should be tested on the bread board and compare the results with the simulated results.

**Step 4:** Where ever required the bread board circuit should be fabricated on PCB.



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

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### EX-306 JAVA

#### **UNIT-I**

Basic Java Features - C++ Vs JAVA, JAVA virtual machine, Constant & Variables, Data Types, Class, Methods, Objects, Strings and Arrays, Type Casting, Operators, Precedence relations, Control Statements, Exception Handling, File and Streams, Visibility, Constructors, Operator and Methods Overloading, Static Members, Inheritance: Polymorphism, Abstract methods and Classes.

#### **UNIT-II**

Java Collective Frame Work - Data Structures: Introduction, Type-Wrapper Classes for Primitive Types, Dynamic Memory Allocation, Linked List, Stack, Queues, Trees, Generics: Introduction, Overloading Generic Methods, Generic Classes, Collections: Interface Collection and Class Collections, Lists, Array List and Iterator, Linked List, Vector. Collections Algorithms: Algorithm sorts, Algorithm shuffle, Algorithms reverse, fill, copy, max and min Algorithm binary Search, Algorithms add All, Stack Class of Package java. Util, Class Priority Queue and Interface Queue, Maps, Properties Class, Un-modifiable Collections.

#### **UNIT-III**

Advance Java Features - Multithreading: Thread States, Priorities and Thread Scheduling, Life Cycle of a Thread, Thread Synchronization, Creating and Executing Threads, Multithreading with GUI, Monitors and Monitor Locks. Networking: Manipulating URLs, Reading a file on a Web Server, Socket programming, Security and the Network, RMI, Networking, Accessing Databases with JDBC: Relational Database, SQL, MySQL, Oracle

#### **UNIT-IV**

Advance Java Technologies - Servlets: Overview and Architecture, Setting Up the Apache Tomcat Server, Handling HTTP get Requests, Deploying a web Application, Multitier Applications, Using JDBC from a Servlet, Java Server Pages (JSP): Overview, First JSP Example, Implicit Objects, Scripting, Standard Actions, Directives, Multimedia: Applets and Application: Loading, Displaying and Scaling Images, Animating a Series of Images, Loading and playing Audio clips

#### **UNIT-V**

Advance Web/Internet Programming (Overview): J2ME, J2EE, EJB, XML.

**References:**

1. Deitel & Deitel, "JAVA, How to Program"; PHI, Pearson.
2. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming In Java"; TMH Publications
3. The Complete Reference: Herbert Schildt, TMH
4. Peter Norton, "Peter Norton Guide To Java Programming", Techmedia.
5. Merlin Hughes, et al; Java Network Programming , Manning Publications/Prentice Hall
6. Cay Horstmann, Big JAVA, Wiley India.

**List of Program to be perform (Expandable)**

1. Installation of J2SDK
2. Write a program to show Scope of Variables
3. Write a program to show Concept of CLASS in JAVA
4. Write a program to show Type Casting in JAVA
5. Write a program to show How Exception Handling is in JAVA
6. Write a Program to show Inheritance
7. Write a program to show Polymorphism
8. Write a program to show Access Specifiers (Public, Private, Protected) in JAVA
9. Write a program to show use and Advantages of CONSTRUCTOR



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### EX-307 Critical Thinking

#### **Learning Outcome:**

By the end of this course

- Students will be better decision makers
- Student will be able to evaluate facts in an argument
- It will instill in them the Art of Questioning
- By the end of the course student will be able to derive truth , ambiguity, vagueness and fallacy in arguments
- According to Socrates, the unexamined life is not worth living. Students will discover that many questions have no clear answers. While one strives for certainty, often the best one can do is obtain a reasonable degree of probability. This will help them crack their competitive exams where many answers are plausible.

#### **Syllabus:**

The course content will encompass following topics

- Thinking about information and emotions , truth and knowledge
- Recognizing arguments
- Inductive and Deductive Reasoning
- Analyzing defects, fallacies and avoiding them
- Reasoning & elementary argument analysis and organized thinking

#### **References:**

1. Howard Kahane & Nancy Cavender, Logic and Contemporary Rhetoric, Wadsworth Publishing.
2. Edward de Bono, Six Thinking Hats, Penguin
3. Selected videos showcasing cases and arguments
4. Daniel Feldman, Critical Thinking : Make Strategic Decision with Confidence



# Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan University, Bhopal

**Branch: Electrical & Electronics Engineering**

**EX-308 Seminar / Group Discussion (Internal Assessment)**

Objective of GD and Seminar is to improve the MASS COMMUNICATION and CONVINCING/ understanding skills of students and it is to give student an opportunity to exercise their rights to express themselves.

Evaluation will be done by assigned faculty based on group discussion and power point presentation.